

Modulating linear actuator with emergency function for 2-way and 3-way globe valves

- Actuating force 800 N
- Nominal voltage AC/DC 24 V
- Modulating control DC 0 ... 10 V
- · Position feedback DC 0 ... 10 V
- · Running time 45 s
- NVFY24-MFT2 pulling NVFY24-MFT2-E pushing
- Brackets and adapter sets for third-party valves as accessories (UNV-..)



	(2)				
Technical data					
Electrical data	Nominal voltage	AC 24 V, 50/60 Hz / DC 24 V			
	Nominal voltage range	AC 19.2 28.8 V / DC 21.6 28.8 V			
	Power consumption Operation	5.5 W @ nominal force			
	For wire sizing	10 VA			
	Connection	Cable 1 m, 5 x 0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>			
	Parallel operation	Yes (note performance data for supply!)			
Functional data	Actuating force	800 N			
	Control Control signal Y	DC 0 10 V, input impedance 100 kΩ			
	Operating range	DC 0.5 10 V			
	Position feedback (measuring voltage U)	DC 0.5 10 V, max. 0.5 mA			
	Position accuracy	±5%			
	Manual override	With hexagon socket screw key, temporary			
	Nominal stroke	20 mm			
	Running time Motor	45 s			
	Spring return	30 s			
	Emergency actuating time	<1,5 s/mm			
	Sound power level Motor	≤35 dB (A)			
	Spring return	≤50 dB (A)			
	Position indication	mechanical 10 20 mm stroke			
Safety	Protection class	III Safety extra-low voltage			
	Degree of protection	IP54			
	EMC	CE according to 2004/108/EC			
	Software Class	A (EN 60730-1)			
	Mode of operation	Type 1 (EN 60730-1)			
	Rated impulse voltage	0.33 kV (EN 60730-1)			
	Control pollution degree	3 (EN 60730-1)			
	Ambient temperature	0 +50°C			
	Non-operating temperature	–40 +80°C			
	Ambient humidity	95% r.h., non-condensating (EN 60730-1)			
	Maintenance	Maintenance-free			
Dimensions / Weight	Dimensions	See «Dimensions» on page 5			
	Weight	approx. 1.8 kg with bracket UNV-002 (without valve)			

### Safety notes



- The actuator has been designed for use in stationary heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems and is not allowed to be used outside the specified field of application, especially in aircraft or in any other airborne means of transport.
- It may only be installed by suitably trained personnel. Any legal regulations or regulations issued by authorities must be observed during assembly.
- The device does not contain any parts that can be replaced or repaired by the user.
- The device contains electrical and electronic components and is not allowed to be disposed
  of as household refuse. All locally valid regulations and requirements must be observed.

## Modulating linear actuator with emergency function for globe valves, AC/DC 24 V, 800 N, running time 45 s



# **Product features**

Mode of operation

The actuator is activated with a standard modulating signal DC 0 ... 10 V. When the actuator is deenergized, the actuator spindle of the NVF.. type retracts and that of the NVF..-E type extends.

**Parameterisation** 

Control signal, operating range, feedback, running time and other functions can be adjusted with PC-Tool.

Installation on Belimo valves

If a combination of actuator and BELIMO globe valve is ordered, then one UNV-002 bracket is included in the scope of delivery.

If an actuator is ordered without Belimo globe valve, then the UNV-002 bracket (see «Accessories») must also be ordered.

Installation on third-party valves

Prior to installation on a third-party valve, a suitable bracket UNV-.. (see «Accessories») must first be screwed to the actuator. The adapter set integrated therein is comprised of a valve neck adapter and a valve stem adapter. The valve neck adapter, together with the clamping strap on the bracket, makes possible simple attachment on the neck of the valve. The valve stem adapter is mounted on the valve stem. The linear spindle can be coupled semi-automatically to the valve stem with the valve stem coupling.

Manual override

The stroke can be adjusted in a voltage-free state by using a hexagon socket screw key (5 mm), which is plugged into the actuator at the top. If the hexagon socket screw key is turned in a clockwise direction, then the actuator spindle will extend from the actuator housing (pushing) and maintain the position until a nominal voltage is applied (the controller has first priority).

**Functional reliability** 

The actuator is protected against short circuits, polarity reversal and overloading.

Position indication

The stroke is indicated mechanically on the bracket. The stroke range adjusts itself automatically.

Combination valve/actuator

Refer to the valve documentation for suitable valves, their permitted media temperatures and closing pressures.

#### **Accessories**

#### Description

Mechanical accessories

Brackets and adapter sets UNV-.

see www.belimo.eu/retrofit

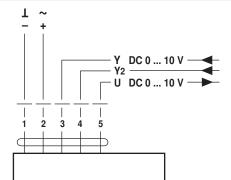
#### **Electrical installation**

# Wiring diagram

#### **Notes**

· Connect via safety isolation transformer.

· Parallel connection of other actuators possible. Note performance data for supply.



#### Cable colours:

1 = black

2 = red

3 = white 4 = white

5 = white



# **Functions**

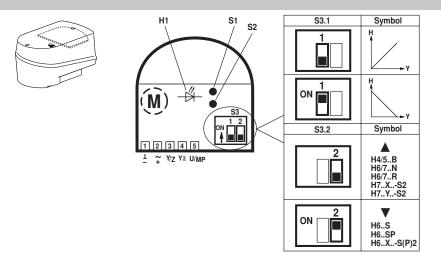
### Alignment of the operating elements

The terminals for the cable connection, the operating elements S1, S2, S3 and the H1 LED indicator are located under the cover of the actuator.

By setting slide switch S3 or pressing pushbuttons S1 and S2, it is possible to configure the actuator very simply on site to suit actual requirements.

S3.1 Direction of stroke

S3.2 Valve closing point



# **Functional description**

Function	Description	Switch		
Test	The valve effects full stroke with maximum running time and checks the adapted stroke to determine whether the two end-points (H=0% and H=100%) are reached.	Press S1		
Init (Adaption)	The possible stroke effected (between the two mechanical end stops of the valve) is detected a 100% stroke and stored in the microcontroller. The control signal and the running time are then matched to this 100% stroke.	Press S2		
Direction of stroke	Direction of stroke relative to the control signal	S3.1	Symbol	Consequence
direct 1)	0% control signal corresponds to 0% position feedback. (The actuator spindle is retracted or extended according to the selected closing point.)	OFF	H Y	U Y
inverted	0% control signal corresponds to 100% position feedback. (The actuator spindle is extended or retracted according to the selected closing point.)	ON	H Y	U Y
Valve closing point	Closing point with actuator spindle retracted or extended.	S3.2	Symbol	Consequence
up <sup>2)</sup>	The actuator spindle is retracted into the actuator and the valve stem is extended from the fitting. The position feedback indicates 0% if the stroke direction is "direct".	OFF	<b>A</b>	¥1
down <sup>3)</sup>	The actuator spindle is extended from the actuator and the valve stem is retracted into the fitting. The position feedback indicates 0% if the stroke direction is «direct».	ON	•	¥11

<sup>1)</sup> Factory setting

# LED display H1

The LED display is two-coloured (red/green) and shows the current status of the actuator.

Green steady light	Actuator working properly						
Green flashing light	Test run or adaptation with synchronisation in progress						
Red steady light	A fault is present	Possible causes of malfunctions:  - Actuator installed incorrectly  - Valve stem blocked  - No valve installed  The adaptation must be repeated by pressing pushbutton \$2 after the malfunction has been eliminated.					
Red flashing light	After every voltage interruption (>2 s). The valve is automatically synchronized at the selected closing point the next time it closes, and the LED indicator changes from a red flashing light to a green steady light.						
Alternating red/green	Addressing via the control system and operation of the adaptation pushbutton S2 in progress						

<sup>2)</sup> Standard setting for valves H4..B, H5..B, H6..N, H6..R, H7..N, H7..R, H7..X.-S2 and H7..Y.-S2

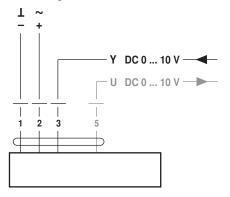
<sup>3)</sup> Standard setting for valves H6..S, H6..SP and H6..X..-S(P)2



# **Functions**

### (Continued)

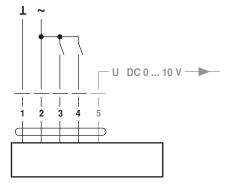
#### **Modulating control**



Symbo	ols							-:	×.	Actuator spin	ndle moves
Direction of stroke	Closing point Valve	Signal direct	Signal inverted	Closing point up	Closing point down	Control signal min. (e.g. $Y = 0 V$ )	Control signal max. (e.g. $Y = 10 \text{ V}$ )	Measuring signal min. (e.g. $U = 0 V$ )	Measuring signal max. (e.g. $U = 10 \text{ V}$ )	Tocw >	- cw
		S3	3.1	S3	3.2						
		OFF		OFF		Χ		Χ		ON	
<b>   </b>		OFF					Χ		Χ		OFF
	_	OFF			ON	Χ		Χ			OFF
	•	OFF			ON		Χ		Χ	ON	
	_		ON 1)	٥٢٦		Χ			Χ		OFF
H A			ON 1)	OFF			Χ	Χ		ON	
			ON 1)		ON	Χ			Χ	ON	
	<b>V</b>		OIN 1)		ON		Χ	Χ			OFF

<sup>1)</sup> If the controller generates a negative signal (<0.15 V), slide switch S3.1 must not be set to «ON», if the operating range of the actuator is set to 0 ... 10 V (Exception: start point in the parameterized operating range of 0.5 V).</p>

## 3-point control



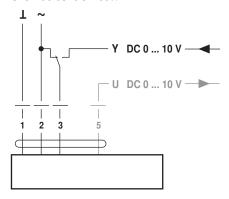
Note	٨
Only works with a nominal voltage of	$\Lambda$
AC 24 V !	

The linear actuator must be accordingly parameterized and equipped with a 3-wire connector for 4-point applications.

Symbo	ols							min.	ax.	Actuator spi	ndle moves		
Direction of stroke	Closing point Valve	Signal direct	Signal inverted	Closing point up	Closing point down	Relay contact (Y1)	Relay contact (Y2)	Measuring signal mi (e.g. $U = 0 V$ )	Measuring signal max. (e.g. U = 10 V)		- cw		
		S3	3.1	S3	S3.2		0	1)	1)	stops	stops		
H+		OFF		OFF	OFF	OFF		1	0		X 2)		OFF
Y2Y1		OFF				0	1	X 2)		ON			
""	_	OFF			ON	1	0		X 2)	ON			
₩ H-	•	OFF			ON	0	1	X 2)			OFF		
H+ <b>Å</b>			ON	OFF		1	0		X 2)	ON			
Y2Y1			ON			0	1	X 2)			OFF		
∐↓			ON		ON	1	0		X 2)		OFF		
H-	•		ON		ON	0	1	X 2)		ON			

<sup>1)</sup> Measuring signal U according to position

#### Override control 100%



A typical use for 100% override control is in a frost protection circuit. Whether or not the frost thermostat has to interrupt the signal conductor to the controller «d» depends on the make of controller being used (not necessary, if the signal output at the controller is short circuit proof and protected against polarity reversal).

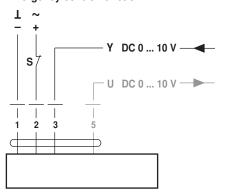
Symbo	ols							-:	×.	Actuator spi	ndle moves
Direction of stroke	Closing point Valve	Signal direct	Signal inverted	Closing point up	Closing point down	Control signal min. (e.g. $Y = 0 V$ )	Control signal max. (e.g. Y = 10 V)	Measuring signal min. (e.g. $U = 0 V$ )	Measuring signal max. (e.g. U = 10 V)	Cow N	□ cw >
		S3	3.1	S3	3.2						
		OFF		OFF		1	0		Χ		OFF
H.			ON	OFF		1	0	Χ		ON	
<b>1</b> ⊓		OFF			ON	1	0		Χ	ON	
11114	•		ON		ON	1	0	Χ			OFF

<sup>2)</sup> If relay contact a or b is in switch position 1 for longer than the running time (45 s)



## **Functions**

#### **Emergency control function**



### (Continued)

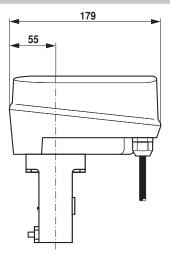
The actuator spindle moves to the end stop if the power supply is interrupted. In the case of the NVF.. type, the actuator spindle retracts into the actuator housing (pulling). In the case of the NVF..-E type, the actuator spindle extends from the actuator housing (pushing). The valve has either an NO (open when deenergized) or NC (closed when deenergized) function depending on its design (closing point up or down).

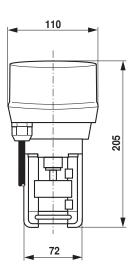
Symbo	ols						-:	ıx.	Actuator sp	oindel moves
Direction of stroke	Closing point Valve	Signal direct	Signal inverted	Closing point up	Closing point down	Relay contact s	Measuring signal min. (e.g. U = 0 V)	Measuring signal max. (e.g. U = 10 V)		Ecw >
		S3	3.1	S3	3.2				NVF	NVFE
	1)	1	)	1	)	0	2)	2)	ON	
<b>●</b>	1)	1	)	1	)	0	2)	2)	-	OFF

<sup>1)</sup> The position of the slide switch has no influence on the emergency control direction

## **Dimensions [mm]**

#### **Dimensional drawings**





#### **Further documentation**

- Overview of brackets and adapter sets on www.belimo.eu/retrofit
- Complete overview «The complete product range of water solutions»
- Data sheets for globe valves
- Installation instructions for actuators and/or globe valves, respectively
- Notes for project planning (hydraulic characteristic curves and circuits, installation regulations, commissioning, maintenance, etc.)
- · Specification texts

<sup>2)</sup> No measuring voltages can be determined in the deenergized state





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NVF24-MFT(-E)-R

